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Superimposition of structures of amyloamylase.

The structure of *Thermus aquaticus* amyloamylase in native form (white) was superimposed on that in acarbose-complex form (blue). Upper panels show the overall structures and lower panels indicate the enlarged view of proposed acceptor binding site. This superimposition revealed a conformational change around the acceptor binding site which is caused by the binding of substrate to the second substrate binding site 14Å away from catalytic residues.

Related article: Fujii, K., Minagawa, H., Terada, Y., Takaha, T., Kuriki, T., Shimada, J., and Kaneko, H., "Function of second glucan binding site including tyrosines 54 and 101 in *Thermus aquaticus* amyloamylase", *J. Biosci. Bioeng.*, vol. 103, 167-173 (2007).

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